# appointment application





(type or print plainly)			
Name of Producer:	A. I. II		
First  How do you want commissions to be paid?	<i>Middle</i> Individual ☐ Agency	Last	
SSN #: T		Date of Birth:	
Producer Address: Residence address is req		_	
Business: Name of Agency			
Street Address	City	State	ZIP
Business #: ()	,	Fax #: (	)
Area Code	Area Code	Area Code	
Residence:  Street Address	City		ZIP
		State	ZIP
Residence #: ( <u>)</u> Area Code			
If you are using a route or P.O. Box Number,	please also give the street address. If no stree	t address is available, please give the	name of the nearest street.
Email Address (required):		Check	here if no email address.
Current License Information State w	here Producer is to be appointed:		
State	License No.	NPN N	lo.
Questionnaire (Please answer the follow)  1. Do you have any pending charges to a misder  2. Have you been convicted of or pleaded nolo c  3. Has any federal or state regulatory agency ev or been dishonest, unfair or unethical?	meanor or a felony?	a felony?	
Has any federal or state regulatory agency ev of federal and/or state regulations or statutes	er found you to have been involved in a vio	lation	
Has any federal or state regulatory agency ev or disciplined you by restricting your activities	er denied, suspended or revoked your regis	stration or license	
6. Has a bonding company denied, paid out on,	or revoked a bond for you?		🗌 Yes 🗌 No
I understand that I have the burden of providing ac sell health insurance of the kind offered by Amerit application will constitute grounds for rejection of agree that it is my obligation to immediately notify	as Life Insurance Corp. ("Ameritas"). I under my application or immediate withdrawal of m	stand and agree that falsification or ny appointment as a producer for An	material omission on this neritas. I understand and
I attest that the information contained on this form constitute acceptance or approval, and does not $\mbox{\bf p}$			tion by itself does not
All Nonpublic Personal Information obtained by you under your Agreement or Contract shall be held in to perform your duties under your Agreement or Comay be required by law and you will establish procumean any financial or health information furnished	the strictest confidence by you and your reprontact. Such information shall not be disclosedures to protect the security and confidentia	esentatives and will not be used for ed to any third party without my exp ality of such information. Nonpublic F	any other purpose except ress written consent or as Personal Information shall
By providing my email address above, I agree to re Ameritas group division using the unsubscribe link	ceive email communications from Ameritas. I contained in each email.	I understand that I may opt out of pro	omotional emails from
Additionally, I hereby authorize Ameritas Life Insurthis application. I understand that I may later revolutions are supplied to the control of the control o		to send faxes to the facsimile (fax)	number(s) listed above in
<b>→</b>			
Signature of Producer	Date		

## HIPAA Business Associate Addendum for Producer

Ameritas Life Insurance Corp., Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. of New York



This HIPAA Business Associate Addendum ("Addendum") is entered into between Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. and/or Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. of New York (collectively referred to herein as "Ameritas" and/or "Covered Entity") and the independent agent or broker appointed with Ameritas identified in the signature block below (referred to herein as "Producer" or "Business Associate"). This Addendum supplements and is made a part of the Commission Agreement(s) ("Agreement") between the Parties and sets forth the Producer's responsibilities under HIPAA and HITECH (as defined below) as of September 22, 2014 and thereafter.

#### Recitals

- A. Ameritas is a Covered Entity under HIPAA and HITECH (as defined below) and wishes to disclose certain information to Producer pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, some of which may constitute PHI/EPHI (as defined below).
- B. Ameritas and Producer intend to protect the privacy and provide for the security of PHI received, created, used, and disclosed to or by Producer pursuant to the Agreement in compliance with HIPAA and HITECH.
- C. As part of the HIPAA and HITECH, the Standards for Privacy and the Standards for Security of Individually Identifiable Health Information codified at 45 CFR Parts 160, 162 and 164 require Ameritas to enter into a contract with Business Associate that includes and imposes on Business Associated specific duties, obligations and requirements with respect to Business Associate's use, disclosure, creation and general handling of Protected Health Information, as set forth in, but not limited to, Title 45, §§ 164.502(e) and 164.504(e) of the Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") and as otherwise provided in this Addendum.

In consideration of the mutual promises below and the exchange of information pursuant to this Addendum, the parties agree as follows:

#### I. Definitions

- A. Specific Definitions.
  - 1. "Breach" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 164.402.
  - 2. "Business Associate" shall mean Producer.
  - 3. "Compliance Date" shall mean, in each case, the date by which compliance with a particular provision is required under HITECH; provided that, in any case for which that date occurs prior to the effective date of this Agreement, the Compliance Date shall mean the effective date of this Agreement.
  - 4. "Covered Entity" shall mean Ameritas.
  - 5. "Data Aggregation" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 164.501.
  - 6. "Designated Record Set" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 164.501.
  - 7. "Electronic Health Record" shall have the meaning given to such term at 42 USC 17921(5).
  - 8. "Electronic Media" shall have the meaning given to such term at CFR §160.103, which is:
    - a. Electronic storage media including memory devices in computers (hard drives) and any removable or transportable digital memory medium, such as magnetic tape or disk, optical disk, or digital memory card; or
    - b. Transmission media used to exchange information already in electronic storage media. Transmission media include, for example, the Internet, extranet, leased lines, dialup lines, private networks, and the physical movement of removable or transportable electronic storage media. Certain transmissions, including paper, via facsimile, and via telephone, are not considered transmissions via electronic media because the information did not exist in electronic form before the transmission.
  - 9. "Electronic Protected Health Information" (or "EPHI") shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 160.103 and is defined as protected health information contained in or transmitted on electronic media received from us or created or received on behalf of us.
  - 10. "Health Care Operations" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR 164.501.
  - 11. "HIPAA" shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1320d through 1320d-8, as amended from time to time, and all associated existing and future implementing regulations, when effective and as amended from time to time.
  - 12. "HITECH" shall mean Subtitle D of the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (a.k.a. the "HITECH Act") provisions of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, 42 U.S.C. §§17921-17954, as amended form time to time, and all associated existing and future implementing regulations, when effective and as amended from time to time.
  - 13. "Individual" shall mean the person who is the subject of PHI and shall include a person who qualifies as a personal representative in accordance with the Privacy Rule.
  - 14. "Privacy Rule" shall mean the standard for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information codified at 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164.
  - 15. "Protected Health Information" ("PHI") shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 164.304.
  - 16. "Required by Law" shall mean a mandate contained in law that compels a covered entity to make a use or disclosure of PHI and that is enforceable in a court of law.
  - 17. "Security Rule" shall mean the standard for Security of Individually Identifiable Health Information codified at 45 CFR Parts 160, 162 and 164.
  - 18. "Security Incident" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 164.304, which is the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with system operations.
  - 19. "Subcontractor" shall have the meaning given to such term at 45 CFR § 160.103 and includes any agent/agency relationships.
  - 20. "Unsecured Protected Health Information" (or "unsecured PHI") shall mean Protected Health Information has the meaning as set forth in 45 C.F.R. 164.402.that is not rendered unusable, unreadable, or indecipherable to unauthorized individuals through the use of a technology or methodology specified by the Secretary in the regulations or guidance issued pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§17932(h)(2).
    - b. Catch-all Definition. Terms used, but not otherwise defined, in this Addendum shall have the same meaning as those terms in the Privacy Rule and Security Rule.

#### 2. Obligations of Business Associate.

A. **Permitted Uses.** Business Associate shall not use PHI except for the purpose of performing Business Associate's obligations under the Agreement and as permitted by the Agreement and this Addendum. Further, Business Associate shall not use PHI in any manner that would constitute

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- a violation of the Privacy Rule if so used by Covered Entity. However, Business Associate may (i) use PHI for the proper management and administration of Business Associate and to carry out the legal responsibilities of Business Associate, and (ii) provide Data Aggregation services relating to the health care operations of Covered Entity if such services are provided by Business Associate to Covered Entity under the Agreement.
- B. **Permitted Disclosures.** Business Associate shall not disclose PHI in any manner that would constitute a violation of HITECH and HIPAA (including without limitation the Privacy Rule) if disclosed by Covered Entity. However, Business Associate may disclose PHI in a manner permitted pursuant to the Agreement and Addendum, for the proper management and administration of Business Associate; and as Required by Law. Additionally, Business Associate may disclose PHI in a manner allowed by law if Covered Entity specifically authorizes the disclosure. In no event shall Business Associate be permitted to receive remuneration, either directly or indirectly, in exchange for PHI, except as may be approved by Covered Entity in its sole discretion and then, only to the extent permitted by 42 U.S.C. § 17935(d). To the extent that Business Associate discloses PHI to a third party, Business Associate must prior to making any such disclosure obtain, (i) reasonable assurances from such third party that such PHI will be held confidential as provided pursuant to this Addendum and only disclosed as required by law or for the purposes for which it was disclosed to such third party, and (ii) an agreement from such third party to immediately notify Business Associate of any breaches of confidentiality of the PHI, to the extent it was obtained knowledge of such breach.

#### C. Appropriate Safeguards.

- 1. Business Associate will implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Covered Entity as required by the Security Rule and as of the Compliance Date of 42 U.S.C. § 17931, comply with the Security Rule requirements set forth in 45 C.F.R. §§ 164.308, 164.310, 164.312, and 164.316;
- 2. Business Associate agrees to ensure that any Subcontractor, to whom it provides electronic PHI agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate safeguards to protect it;
- 3. Business Associate will report to Ameritas as soon as reasonably practicable, but not later than five (5) days following discovery: (i) any use or disclosure of protected health information not provided for by this Addendum of which it becomes aware in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.504(e)(2)(ii)(C); and/or (ii) any security incident affecting EPHI of which Business Associate becomes aware in accordance with 45 C.F.R. § 164.314(a)(2)(C); and
- 4. Business Associate agrees to promptly report to Covered Entity any Breach of which it becomes aware as soon as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than five (5) days following Business Associate's discovery of any Breach involving unsecured PHI. The foregoing report shall include identification of each Individual whose PHI Business Associate reasonably believes to have been accessed, acquired, or disclosed during such Breach. As soon as possible thereafter, and to the extent known, Business Associate shall also provide Covered Entity with a description of (i) what happened, including the date of the Breach and the date of the discovery, (ii) the types of unsecured PHI involved in the Breach, (iii) any steps individuals should take to protect themselves from potential harm from the Breach, and (iv) what Business Associate is doing to investigate the Breach, to mitigate harm to individuals, and to protect against any further Breaches. For purposes of this paragraph, a Breach shall be treated as discovered as of the first day on which the Breach is known or should reasonably have been known to Business Associate (including any person, other than the one committing the Breach, that is an employee, officer, or other agent of the Business Associate).
- D. **Restrictions on Disclosures.** Business Associate will restrict its disclosures of the Individual's PHI in the same manner as would be required for Covered Entity. If Business Associate receives an Individual's request for restrictions, Business Associate shall forward such request to Covered Entity within 5 business days.
- E. **Subcontractors.** Business Associate shall ensure that any Subcontractor, to whom it provides PHI agree in writing to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to Business Associate with respect to such PHI. Business Associate will provide a list of such Subcontractors to Covered Entity upon its request. Business Associate will advise Covered Entity if any such Subcontractor breaches its agreement with Business Associate with respect to the disclosure or use of Protected Health Information or Electronic PHI. Business Associate shall implement and maintain sanctions against Subcontractors that violate such restrictions and conditions and shall mitigate the effects of any such violation.
- F. Access to Protected Information. Business Associate shall make PHI maintained by Business Associate or its Subcontractors in Designated Record Sets available to Covered Entity for inspection and copying within five (5) days of a request by Covered Entity to enable Covered Entity to fulfill its obligations under the Privacy Rule, including, but not limited to 45 CFR Section 164.524.
- G. Amendment of PHI. Within five (5) days of receipt of a request from Covered Entity for an amendment of PHI or a record about an individual contained in a Designated Record Set, Business Associate or Subcontractors shall make such PHI available to Covered Entity for amendment and incorporate any such amendment to enable Covered Entity to fulfill its obligations under the Privacy Rule, including, but not limited to, 45 CFR Section 164.526. If any individual requests an amendment of PHI directly from Business Associate or its Subcontractors, Business Associate shall notify Covered Entity in writing within five (5) days of the request. Any decision to deny the requested amendment of PHI maintained by Business Associate or its Subcontractors shall be the sole responsibility of Covered Entity.
- H. **Accounting Rights.** Within ten (10) days of notice by Covered Entity of a request for an accounting of disclosures of PHI, Business Associate and its Subcontractors shall make available to Covered Entity the information required to provide an accounting of disclosures to enable Covered Entity to fulfill its obligations under the Privacy Rule, including, but not limited to, 45 CFR Section 164.528. As set forth in, and as limited by, 45 CFR section 164.528, Business Associate shall not provide an accounting to Covered Entity of disclosures: (i) to carry out treatment, payment or health care operations, as set forth in 45 CFR Section 164.502; (ii) to individuals of PHI about them as set forth in 45 CFR 164.502; (iii) to persons involved in the individual's care or other notification purposes as set forth in 45 CFR Section 164.512(k)(2); or (v) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials as set forth in 45 CFR Section 164.512(k)(5). Business Associate agrees to implement a process that allows for an accounting to be collected and maintained by Business Associate and its Subcontractors for at least six (6) years prior to the request, but not before the compliance date of the Privacy rule. At a minimum, such information shall include: (i) the date of disclosure; (ii) the name of the entity or person who received PHI and, if known, the address of the entity or person; (iii) a brief description of PHI disclosed; and (iv) a brief statement of purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs the individual of the basis of the disclosure, or a copy of the individual's authorization, or a copy of the written request for disclosure. In the event that the request for an accounting is delivered directly to Business Associate or its Subcontractors, Business Associate shall within five (5) days of a request forward it to Covered Entity in writing. It shall be Covered Entity's responsibility to prepare and deliver any such accounting requested. Business Associate shall not disclose any PHI except as set forth

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- I. Governmental Access to Records. Within ten (10) days of receipt of a request Business Associate shall make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (the "Secretary") for purposes of determining Covered Entity's compliance with Privacy Rule. Business Associate shall give Covered Entity notice immediately upon receiving any communications from the Secretary that relate to Covered Entity and shall provide to Covered Entity a copy of any PHI that Business Associate provides to the Secretary concurrently with providing such PHI to the Secretary.
- J. **Minimum Necessary.** Business Associate (and its Subcontractors) shall only request, use and disclose the minimum amount of PHI necessary to accomplish the purpose of the request, use or disclosure.
- K. Data Ownership. Business Associate acknowledges that Business Associate has no ownership rights with respect to the PHI.
- L. **Retention of PHI.** Upon termination of the Agreement for any reason, Business Associate shall return or destroy all PHI that Business Associate or its Subcontractors still maintain in any form, and shall retain no copies of such PHI. If return or destruction is not feasible, Business Associate shall continue to extend the protections of Sections 2(a), 2(b), 2 (c) and 2 (e) of this Addendum to such information, and limit further use of such PHI to those purposes that make the return or destruction of such PHI infeasible. If Business Associate elects to destroy the PHI, Business Associate shall certify in writing to Covered Entity that such PHI has been destroyed.
- M. **Notification of Breach.** During the term of the Agreement, Business Associate shall notify Covered Entity as soon as reasonably practicable but in no event later than five (5) days following the discovery by Business Associate of any suspected or actual breach of security, intrusion or unauthorized use or disclosure of PHI and/or any actual or suspected use or disclosure of data in violation of any applicable federal or state laws or regulations. Business Associate shall take (i) prompt corrective action to cure any such deficiencies and (ii) any action pertaining to such unauthorized disclosure required by applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
- N. Audits, Inspections and Enforcement. Within ten (10) days of a written request by Covered Entity, Business Associate and its Subcontractors shall allow Covered Entity to conduct a reasonable inspection of the facilities, systems, books, records, agreements, policies and procedures relating to the use or disclosure of Protected Information pursuant to this Addendum for the purpose of determining whether Business Associate has complied with this Addendum; provided, however, that (i) Business Associate and Covered Entity shall mutually agree in advance upon the scope, timing and location of such an inspection; (ii) Covered Entity shall protect the confidentiality of all confidential and proprietary information of Business Associate to which Covered Entity has access during the course of such inspection; and (iii) Covered Entity shall execute a nondisclosure agreement, upon terms mutually agreed upon by the parties, if requested by Business Associate. The fact that Covered Entity inspects, or fails, to inspect, or has the right to inspect, Business Associate's facilities, systems, books, records, agreements, policies and procedures does not relieve Business Associate of its responsibility to comply with this Addendum, nor does Covered Entity's (i) failure to detect or (ii) detection, but failure to notify Business Associate or require Business Associate's remediation of any unsatisfactory practices, constitute acceptance of such practice or a waiver of Covered Entity's enforcement rights under this Addendum.
- O. **Electronic Health Record.** In the event that Business Associate in connection with rendering the services under the Agreement uses or maintains an electronic health record of protected health information of or about an individual, the Business Associate will provide an electronic copy of such protected health information in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 17935(e) as of its Compliance Date. Moreover, in the event that Business Associate uses or maintains an electronic health record of protected Health information of or about an individual, then Business Associate shall make an accounting of disclosures of such protected health information in accordance with the requirements for accounting of disclosures made through an electronic health record in 42 U.S.C. 17935(c), as of its Compliance Date.
- P. Business Associate will not make or cause to be made any communication about a product or service that is prohibited by 42 U.S.C. § 17936(a) as of its Compliance Date.
- Q. Business Associate will not make or cause to be made any written fundraising communication that is prohibited by 42 U.S.C. § 17936(b) as of its Compliance Date.
- R. Pursuant to the Privacy Rule, made applicable to Business Associate by HITECH, Business Associate shall adopt, implement, and follow privacy policies and procedures in the same manner and to the same extent as if it were a Covered Entity.
- S. Pursuant to the Security Rule, made applicable to Business Associate by HITECH, Business Associate shall adopt, implement, and follow security policies and procedures in the same manner and to the same extent as if it were a Covered Entity.
- T. To the extent Business Associate is to carry out one or more of Covered Entity's obligation(s) under Subpart E of 45 CFR Part 164, Business Associate shall comply with the requirements of Subpart E that apply to the Covered Entity in the performance of such obligation(s).
- U. **Training.** Business Associate certifies that it has completed, or will complete, a training course as described in 45 CFR 164.530(b) prior to any of Business Associate's employees receiving protected health information pursuant to this Agreement.

#### 3. Obligations of Covered Entity

- A. Covered Entity shall be responsible for using appropriate safeguards to maintain and ensure the confidentiality, privacy and security of PHI transmitted to Business Associate pursuant to this Addendum, in accordance with the Covered Entity and requirements of the Privacy Rule, until such PHI is received by Business Associate.
- B. Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any limitation(s) in its notice of privacy practices of Covered Entity in accordance with 45 CFR § 164.520, to the extent that such limitation may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.
- C. Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any changes in, or revocation of, permission by Individual to use or disclose PHI, to the extent that such changes may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.
- D. Covered Entity shall notify Business Associate of any restriction to the use or disclosure of PHI that Covered Entity has agreed to in accordance with 45 CFR § 164.522, to the extent that such restriction may affect Business Associate's use or disclosure of PHI.

#### 4. Term and Termination

- A. **Term.** The Term of this Addendum shall be effective as of the effective date of the Agreement, if later, and shall terminate when all of the PHI provided by Covered Entity to Business Associate, or created or received by Business Associate on behalf of Covered Entity, is destroyed or returned to Covered Entity, or, if it is infeasible to return or destroy PHI, protections are extended to such information, in accordance with the termination provision in this section.
- B. **Material Breach.** A breach by Business Associate of any provision of this Addendum, as determined by Covered Entity, shall constitute a material breach of the Agreement and shall provide grounds for immediate termination of the Agreement by Covered Entity pursuant to the Agreement.

- C. **Reasonable Steps to Cure Breach.** If Covered Entity knows of a pattern of activity or practice of Business Associate that constitutes a material breach or violation of Business Associate's obligations under the provisions of this Addendum or another arrangement and does not terminate the Agreement pursuant to Section 4 (b), then Covered Entity shall take reasonable steps to cure such breach or end such violation, as applicable. If Covered Entity's efforts to cure such breach or end such violation are unsuccessful, Covered Entity shall terminate the Agreement.
- D. **Judicial or Administrative Proceedings.** Either party may terminate the Agreement, effective immediately, if (i) the other party is named as a defendant in a criminal proceeding for a violation of HIPAA, HITECH or other security or privacy laws or (ii) a finding or stipulation that the other party has violated any requirement of HIPAA, HITECH or other security or privacy laws is made in any administrative or civil proceeding in which the party has been joined.
- **5. Disclaimer.** Covered Entity makes no warranty or representation that compliance by Business Associate with this Addendum, HIPAA or HITECH will be adequate or satisfactory for Business Associate's own purposes. Business Associate is solely responsible for all decisions made by Business Associate regarding the safeguarding of PHI.
- **6. Certifications.** To the extent Covered Entity determines that such examination is necessary to comply with Covered Entity's legal obligations pursuant to HIPAA and HITECH relating to certification of its security practices, Covered Entity or its authorized agents or contractors, may, at Covered Entity's expense, examine Business Associate's facilities, systems, procedures and records as may be necessary for such agents or contractors to certify to Covered Entity the extent to which Business Associate's security safeguards comply with HIPAA, HITECH or this Addendum.
- 7. Amendment to Comply with Law. The parties acknowledge that state and federal laws relating to data security and privacy are rapidly evolving and that amendment of this Addendum may be required to provide for procedures to ensure compliance with such developments. The parties specifically agree to take such action as is necessary to implement the Covered Entity and requirements of HIPAA (including without limitation the Privacy Rule), HITECH and other applicable laws relating to the security or confidentiality of PHI. The parties understand and agree that Covered Entity must receive satisfactory written assurance from Business Associate that Business Associate will adequately safeguard all PHI. Upon the request of either party, the other party agrees to promptly enter into negotiations concerning the terms of an amendment to this Addendum embodying written assurances consistent with the Covered Entity and requirements of HIPAA (including without limitation the Privacy rule), HITECH or other applicable laws. Covered Entity may terminate the Agreement upon thirty (30) days written notice in the event (i) Business Associate does not promptly enter into negotiations to amend this Addendum when requested by Covered Entity pursuant to this Section or (ii) Business Associate does not enter into an amendment to this Addendum providing assurances regarding the safeguarding of PHI that Covered Entity, in its sole discretion, deems sufficient to satisfy the Covered Entity and requirements of HIPAA, including without limitation the Privacy Rule, and HITECH.
- 8. Assistance in Litigation or Administrative Proceedings. Business Associate shall make itself, and any Subcontractors, employees or agents assisting Business Associate in the performance of its obligations under the Agreement, available to Covered Entity, at no cost to Covered Entity, to testify as witnesses, or otherwise, in the event of litigation or administrative proceedings being commenced against Covered Entity, its directors, officers or employers based upon a claimed violation of HIPAA, including without limitation the Privacy Rule, HITECH or other laws relating to security and privacy, except where Business Associate or its Subcontractor, employee or agent is a named adverse party.
- **9. No Third Party Beneficiaries.** Nothing express or implied in this Addendum is intended to confer, nor shall anything herein confer, upon any person other than Covered Entity, Business Associate and their respective successors or assigns, any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities whatsoever.
- 10. Effect on Agreement. Except as specifically required to implement the purposes of this Addendum, or to the extent inconsistent with this Addendum, all other terms of the Agreement shall remain in force and effect.
- 11. Indemnification. In addition to any indemnification obligations, which are a part of the Service Agreement, the Business Associate hereby indemnifies and agrees to hold the Covered Entity harmless against any and all claims, costs or damage, including Civil Monetary Penalties, arising from a breach by the Business Associate of its obligations in connection with this Amendment or HITECH, or HIPAA.
- **12. Insurance.** Business Associate agrees to maintain insurance coverage against the improper use and disclosure of PHI by Business Associate. Promptly following a request by Covered Entity, Business Associate will provide a certificate evidencing such insurance coverage.
- **13. Interpretation.** The provisions of this Addendum shall prevail over any provisions in the Agreement that may conflict or appear inconsistent with any provision in this Addendum. This Addendum and the Agreement shall be interpreted as broadly as necessary to implement and comply with HIPAA and HITECH. The parties agree that any ambiguity in this Addendum shall be resolved in favor of a meaning that complies and is consistent with HIPAA and HITECH.
- **14. Notices.** Any notices to be given hereunder to a Party shall be made via U.S. Mail or express courier to such Party's address given above. Each Party may change its address and that of its representative for notice by the giving of notice thereof in the manner herein above provided.
- 15. Counterparts; Facsimiles. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original. Facsimile copies hereof shall be deemed to be originals.
- **16. Disputes.** If any controversy, dispute or claim arises between the Parties with respect to this Agreement, the Parties shall make good faith efforts to resolve such matters informally.

Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. on behalf of itself and its corporate affiliate, Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. of New York	Producer  Corp. Name (if any):			
By: Karen M. Gustin	Producer Name:			
Title: Executive Vice President, Group Division	Signed:			
Date: September 22, 2014 and after	Date:			

# disclosure and authorization To Obtain Consumer Report

### A Consumer Report Will Be Obtained





I understand that the Company will utilize the services of an investigative consumer reporting agency to obtain a consumer credit report/investigative consumer report as part of the procedure for processing my application for appointment as a field representative with the Company.

The nature and scope of the investigation sought is as follows: to provide applicable information concerning my credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living.

I understand I have the right to visually inspect the files concerning me maintained by an investigative consumer credit reporting agency during normal business hours and upon reasonable notice. The inspection can be done in person if I appear in person and furnish proper identification; I am entitled to a copy of the file for a fee not to exceed the actual costs of duplication. I am entitled to be accompanied by one person of my choosing, who shall furnish reasonable identification. The inspection can also be done via certified mail if I make a written request, with proper identification, for copies to be sent to a specified address. I can also request a summary of the information to be provided by telephone if I make a written request, with proper identification for telephone disclosure, and the toll charge, if any, for the telephone call is prepaid by or directly charged to me. I further understand that the investigative consumer credit reporting agency shall provide trained personnel to explain to me any of the information furnished to me; I shall receive from the investigative consumer reporting agency a written explanation of any coded information contained in files maintained on me. Examples of proper forms of identification are valid driver's license, social security account number, military identification card and government issued IDs.

I also understand that before I am denied appointment based, in whole or part, on information obtained in the report, I will be provided a copy of the report and a description in writing of my rights under the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act.

This consent will not affect my ability to question or dispute the accuracy of any information contained in my credit report. I understand if I disagree with the accuracy of any information in the report, I must notify the Company within five business days of the report that I am challenging information in the report. The Company will not make a final decision on my status until after I have had a reasonable opportunity to address the information contained in the report.

## Application Authorization to Obtain Consumer Report and Other Information

I, the undersigned Applicant, do hereby consent to this investigation and authorize the Company to procure a consumer report and investigative consumer report on my background as stated above from a consumer agency and/or investigative consumer reporting agency, which will be used in whole or in part as a factor in establishing my eligibility for appointment as a field representative with the Company.

Further, I authorize the Company to retrieve and review any and all regulatory and criminal records submitted on my behalf, including records maintained on the Central Registration Depository ("CRD") system by prior employers (broker/dealers and registered investment advisors).

This authorization shall remain on file and serve as an ongoing authorization for you to obtain such records about me.

I also acknowledge that I have received the summary of my rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act. Further, I acknowledge that I have received and read the "Disclosure That A Consumer Report Will Be Obtained" above and I am providing my authorization herein voluntarily.

I understand that as part of the Company's procedure for processing my application and/or evaluating me for contract and licensing purposes, a routine inquiry may be made whereby information is obtained through personal interviews and background checks with third parties, including, but not limited to, family members, employers, business associates, financial sources, landlords, public agencies, friends, neighbors, or others with whom I am acquainted. This inquiry includes information as to my character, business reputation and financial stability, whichever may be applicable. It may include obtaining information covering up to: the last seven years regarding my credit background, lawsuits, judgments, paid tax liens, unlawful detainer actions, failure to pay spousal or child support, accounts placed for collection, and criminal conviction records consistent with federal and state law; and the last ten years regarding bankruptcies. I have the right to make a written request within a reasonable period of time for a complete and accurate disclosure of additional information concerning the nature and scope of the inquiry. My signature below operates to release from all liability and responsibility those parties supplying information to the Company and I authorize the Company to use this information where its legal interest and/or obligations are involved. Further, I acknowledge that I have no objection to the Company investigating any of these facts and agree to indemnify and hold the Company harmless against any liability which may result in conducting such investigation.

	Further, I acknowledge that I have no objection to the Company investigating any ess against any liability which may result in conducting such investigation.		
plicant Signature Date			
Applicant Name (printed)	Social Security No		
FOR CALIFORNIA, MINNESOTA AND OKLAHOMA LICENSED AGE consumer credit reporting agency by checking the box icon below.	ENTS ONLY: I have the right to request a copy of my consumer credit report from the		
☐ I wish to receive a copy of the consumer credit report. (Check	k box only if you wish to receive a copy.)		
1,7 , 9	consumer credit report obtained by the Company, and information on who issued ag or interview between the Company and me or within seven days of the date the		

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Company receives the report, whichever is earlier.

Para informacion en espanol, visite <a href="www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore">www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore</a> o escribe a la Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20006

# A summary of your rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act

The federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) promotes the accuracy, fairness, and privacy of information in the files of consumer reporting agencies, including credit bureaus and speciality agencies (such as agencies that sell information about check writing histories, medical records, and rental history records). Here is a summary of you major rights under the FCRA. For more information, including information about additional rights, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore or write to:

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, 1700 G Street N.W., Washington, DC 20552-0003.

You may have additional rights under Maine's FCRA, Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. 10, Sec 1311 et seq.

- You must be told if information in your file has been used against you. Anyone who uses a credit report or another type of consumer report to deny your application for credit, insurance, or employment or to take adverse action against you must tell you, and must give you the name, address, and phone number of the agency that provided the information.
- You have the right to know what is in your file. You may request and obtain all the information about you in the files of a consumer reporting agency (your "file disclosure"). You will be required to provide proper identification, which may include your Social Security number. In many cases, the disclosure will be free. You are entitled to a free file disclosure if:
  - a person has taken adverse action against you because of information in your credit report;
  - you are the victim of identity theft and place a fraud alert in your file;
  - your file contains inaccurate information as a result of fraud;
  - you are on public assistance;
  - you are unemployed but expect to apply for employment within 60 days.

In addition, all consumers are entitled to one free disclosure every 12 months upon request from each nationwide credit bureau and from each nationwide specialty consumer reporting agencies. See <a href="https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore">www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore</a> for additional information.

- You have the right to ask for a credit score. Credit scores are numerical summaries of your credit-worthiness based on information from credit bureaus. You may request a credit score from consumer reporting agencies that create scores or distribute scores used in residential real property loans, but you will have to pay for it. In some mortgage transactions, you will receive credit score information for free from the mortgage lender.
- You have the right to dispute incomplete or inaccurate information. If you identify information in your file that is incomplete or inaccurate, and report it to the consumer reporting agency, the agency must investigate unless your dispute is frivolous. See <a href="https://www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore">www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore</a> for an explanation of dispute procedures.
- Consumer reporting agencies must correct or delete inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information. Inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information must be removed or corrected, usually within 30 days. However, a consumer reporting agency may continue to report information it has verified as accurate.
- Consumer reporting agencies may not report outdated negative information. In most cases, a consumer reporting agency may not report negative information that is more than seven years old, or bankruptcies that are more than 10 years.
- Access to your file is limited. A consumer reporting agency may provide information about you only to people with a valid need usually to consider an application with a creditor, insurer, employer, landlord, or other business. The FCRA specifies those with a valid need for access.
- You must give your consent for reports to be provided to employers. A consumer reporting agency may not give out information about you to your employer, or a potential employer, without your written consent given to the employer. Written consent generally is not required in the trucking industry. For more information, go to www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore.
- You may limit "prescreened" offers of credit and insurance you get based on information in your credit report. Unsolicited "prescreened" offers for credit and insurance must include a toll-free phone number you can call if you choose to remove your name and address from the lists these offers are based on. You may opt out with the nationwide credit bureaus at 1-888-567-8688.
- You may seek damages from violators. If a consumer reporting agency, or, in some instances, a user of consumer reports or a furnisher of information to a consumer reporting agency violates the FCRA, you may sue them in state or federal court.
- Identity theft victims and active duty military personnel have additional rights. For more information, visit www.consumerfinance.gov/learnmore.

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States may enforce the FRCA, and many states have their own consumer reporting laws. In some cases, you may have more rights under state law. For more information, contact your state or local consumer protection agency or your state Attorney General. For information about your federal rights, contact:

Type of Business	Contact				
<ol> <li>a. Banks, savings associations, and credit unions with total assets of over \$10 billion and their affiliates.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>a. Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection</li> <li>1700 G Street NW</li> <li>Washington, DC 20006</li> </ul>				
b. Such affiliates that are not banks, savings associations, or credit unions also should list, in addition to the Bureau:	b. Federal Trade Commission: Consumer Response Center – FCRA Washington, DC 20580 (877)382-4357				
2. To the extent not included in item 1 above:					
a. National banks, federal savings associations, and federal branches and federal agencies of foreign banks	<ul> <li>a. Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Customer Assistance Group 1301 McKinney Street, Suite 3450 Houston, TX 77010-9050</li> </ul>				
b. State member banks, branches and agencies of foreign banks (other than federal branches, federal agencies, and Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks), commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, and organizations operating under section 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act	b. Federal Reserve Consumer Help Center PO Box 1200 Minneapolis, MN 55480				
c. Nonmember Insured Banks, Insured State Branches of Foreign Banks, and insured state savings associations.	c. FDIC Consumer Repsonse Center 1100 Walnut Street, Box #11 Kansas City, MO 64106				
d. Federal credit unions	d. National Credit Union Administration Office of Consumer Protection (OCP) Division of Consumer Compliance and Outreach (DCCO) 1775 Duke Street Alexandria, VA 22314				
3. Air carriers	Asst. General Counsel for Aviation Enforcement & Proceedings Department of Transportation 400 Seventh Street SW Washington, DC 20590				
4. Creditors subject to Surface Transportation Board	Office of Proceedings, Surface Transportation Board Department of Transportation 1925 K Street NW Washington, DC 20423				
5. Creditors subject to Packers and Stockyards Act	Nearest Packers and Stockyards Administration area supervisor				
6. Small business investment companies	Associate Deputy Administrator for Capital Access United States Small Business Administration 409 Third Street, SW, 8th Floor Washington, DC 20416				
7. Brokers and Dealers	Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F St NE Washington, DC 20549				
8. Federal Land Banks, Federal Land Bank Associations, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and Production Credit Associations	Farm Credit Administration 1501 Farm Credit Drive McLean, VA 22102-5090				
9. Retailers, finance companies, and all other creditors not listed above	FTC Regional Office for foreign in which the creditor operates or Federal Trade Commission: Consumer Response Center – FCRA Washington, DC 20580 (877)382-4357				

# direct deposit For Your Commission Check

Ameritas Life Insurance Corp., Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. of New York



- Fax or return completed form with voided check to Group Licensing at Ameritas: P.O. Box 81889, Lincoln, NE 68501-1889. Fax: 402-467-7342.
- Electronic deposit of compensation will be effective two weeks after receipt of the completed form.
- Your check will be deposited the second working day of each month and your statement will be sent via U.S. mail the second working day of each month. The statement will indicate the amount deposited into your bank account or you may call our automated system at 800-659-2223, select option 6 (you will be asked to enter your Social Security # or Tax ID #).
- Changes in banking information must be communicated to Group Licensing by the first working day of the month to be effective for that compensation period.
- Electronic depositing can be stopped upon receipt of written notification. (This would be effective one week after receipt in the home office.)
- If you have any questions, please call Group Licensing at 800-659-2223 ext. 88344, or by e-mail at grlicensingcomp@ameritas.com.

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# authorization agreement For Pre-Arranged Deposits

Ameritas Life Insurance Corp., Ameritas Life Insurance Corp. of New York



•	,		npany) to initiate deposit of my ist the same to such account.
State			ZIP
ccount Type (check one)	Checking	Savings	
ccount Type (check one)	Checking	Savings	
P)			
st be received by the Com	pany 30 days p	orior to the set to	ermination date. In no event shall
ntry, send to the depositor	ry institution a	written notice id	
the depository institution	prior to postin	g to the account	t.
9			
deposit agreement withou rangement.	it charge and t	hat the Compan	y will not be liable for any claims
Date			
		Date	
	State  State  ccount Type (check one)  ccount Type (check one)  ccount Type (check one)  management.  State  State  Ccount Type (check one)  ccount Type (check one)  management days following the company prior to to said account as may be accept and to credit and to accept and to credit and the depository institution to reverse the amount of the depository institution ander are to be governed in the deposit agreement without angement.  Date	State	State

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# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	1 N	ame (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.											
ge 2.	<b>2</b> B	usiness name/disregarded entity name, if different from above											
Print or type Specific Instructions on page	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only <b>one</b> of the following seven boxes:  Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate single-member LLC						4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):  Exempt payee code (if any)						
₽₩	☐ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶												
Print or type	Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner.					Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any)							
P P		Other (see instructions) ▶			(A	Applies t	o account	s maint	ained o	outside	the U.	S.)	
ecifi	5 A	ddress (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester	's nam	e and	d addı	ress (or	otiona	al)				
See <b>S</b> k	<b>6</b> C	ity, state, and ZIP code											
	7 L	st account number(s) here (optional)											
Par	rt I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)											
Enter	your	TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid	d S	ocial	secui	rity nu	umber						
backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a</i>						-		] -					
TIN o	n pag	e 3.	OI	•									
Note.	If the	e account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4	for <b>E</b>	mploy	ployer identification number								
guide	lines	on whose number to enter.			_								
Par	t II	Certification							1	11			
Unde	r pen	alties of perjury, I certify that:											
1. Th	e nur	nber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a	number	to be	issu	ed to	me);	and					
Se	rvice	t subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or er subject to backup withholding; and											
3. I a	m a l	J.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and											
4. The	e FAT	CA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	is correc	ct.									
becau intere gener instru	use yest pa ally, p ction	on instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that but have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transacted, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to a payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but so no page 3.	tions, ite an indivi	em 2 d dual r	does etire	not a ment	apply. arran	For r	mort ent (l	gage IRA),	e and	Ü	
Sign Here		Signature of U.S. person ► Date	· <b>&gt;</b>										

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

**Future developments.** Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

#### **Purpose of Form**

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

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**Note.** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a
  grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

#### **Backup Withholding**

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN.
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships above.

#### What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

#### **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

#### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

#### **Specific Instructions**

#### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note. ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

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#### Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

#### Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

#### Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1-An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
  - 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- $3-\!A$  state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- $4-\!\mbox{A}$  foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
  - 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- $7\!-\!\text{A}$  futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
  - 8-A real estate investment trust
- $9-\!$  An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
  - 11-A financial institution
- $12\!-\!A$  middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
  - 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
- B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D-A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
  - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of
- I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
- J-A bank as defined in section 581
- K-A broker
- L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note.** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

#### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

#### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

#### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN. see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at <a href="https://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses">www.irs.gov/businesses</a> and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

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#### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- 3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

#### What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
I. Individual     Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account'
<ol><li>Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)</li></ol>	The minor <sup>2</sup>
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)     b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee¹ The actual owner¹
<ol><li>Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual</li></ol>	The owner <sup>3</sup>
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity⁴
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (B))	The trust

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 2. \*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

#### **Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft**

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

#### **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.